

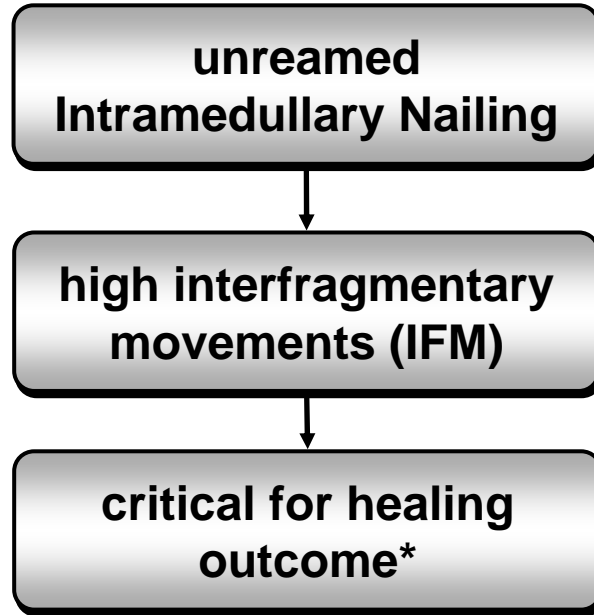
# Simulation of Fracture Healing due to Intramedullary Nailing

*Tim Wehner*  
*Frank Niemeyer*  
*Lutz Claes*  
*Ulrich Simon*

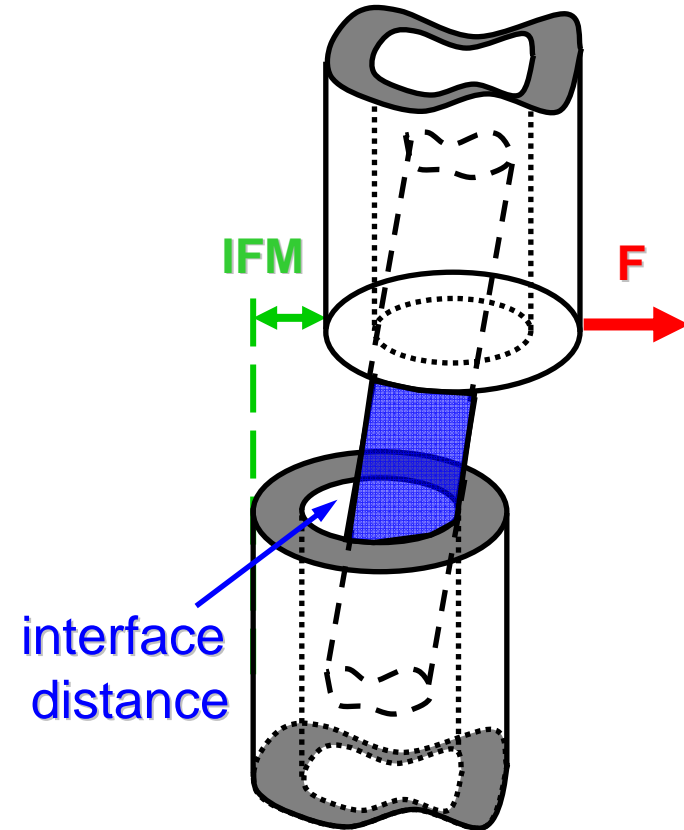


Institut für Unfallchirurgische Forschung und Biomechanik  
im Zentrum für Muskuloskeletale Forschung (zmfu)  
Universitätsklinikum Ulm

# Introduction

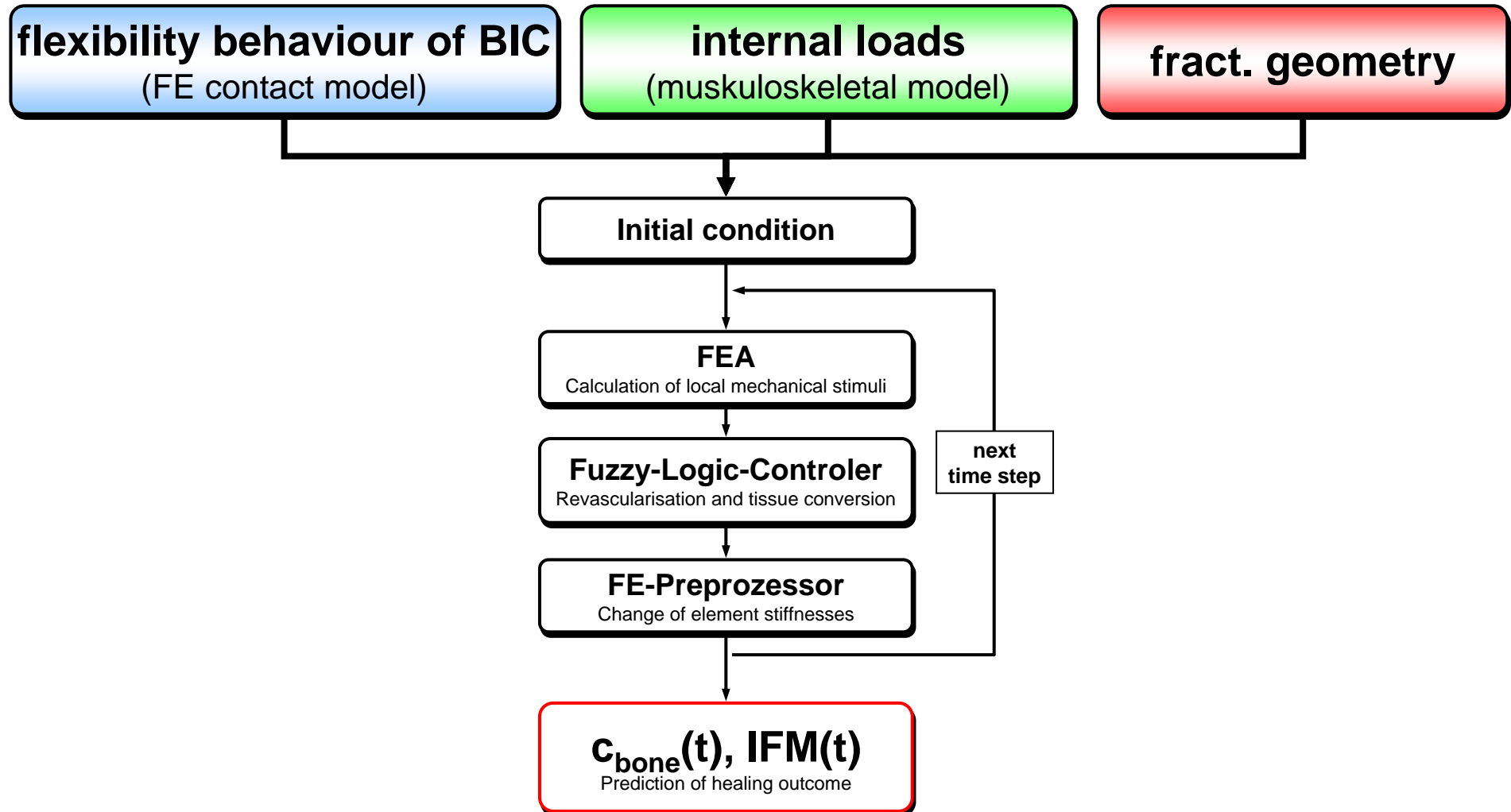


- \*Claes et al., J Orth Res 1997
- \*Augat et al., J Orth Res 2003
- \*Larsen et al., J Orth Res 2004



**Aim: Simulation of fracture healing process to analyze the influence of fracture type and interface distance on the healing outcome**

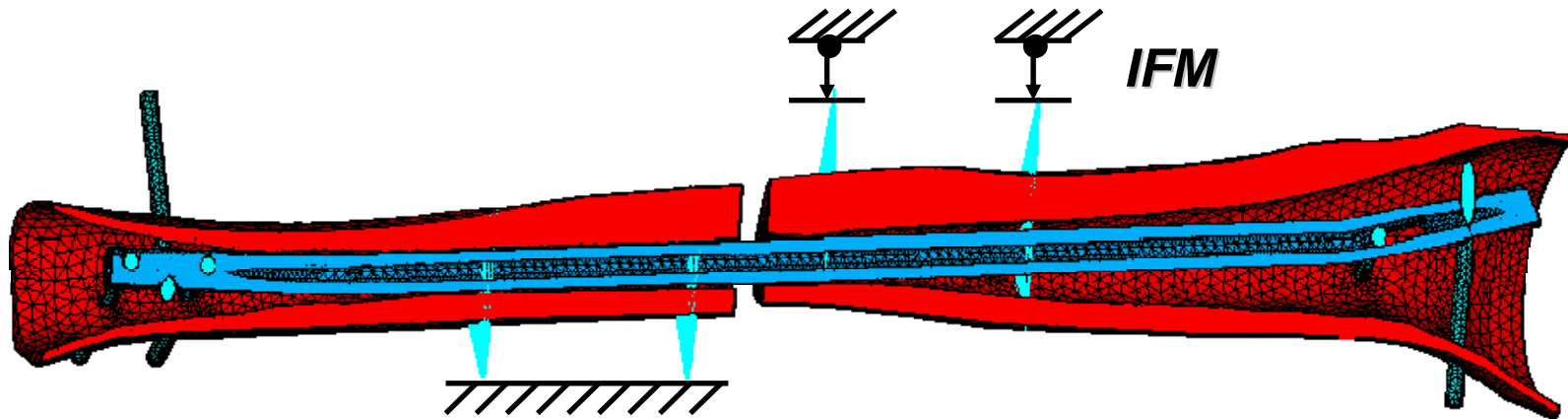
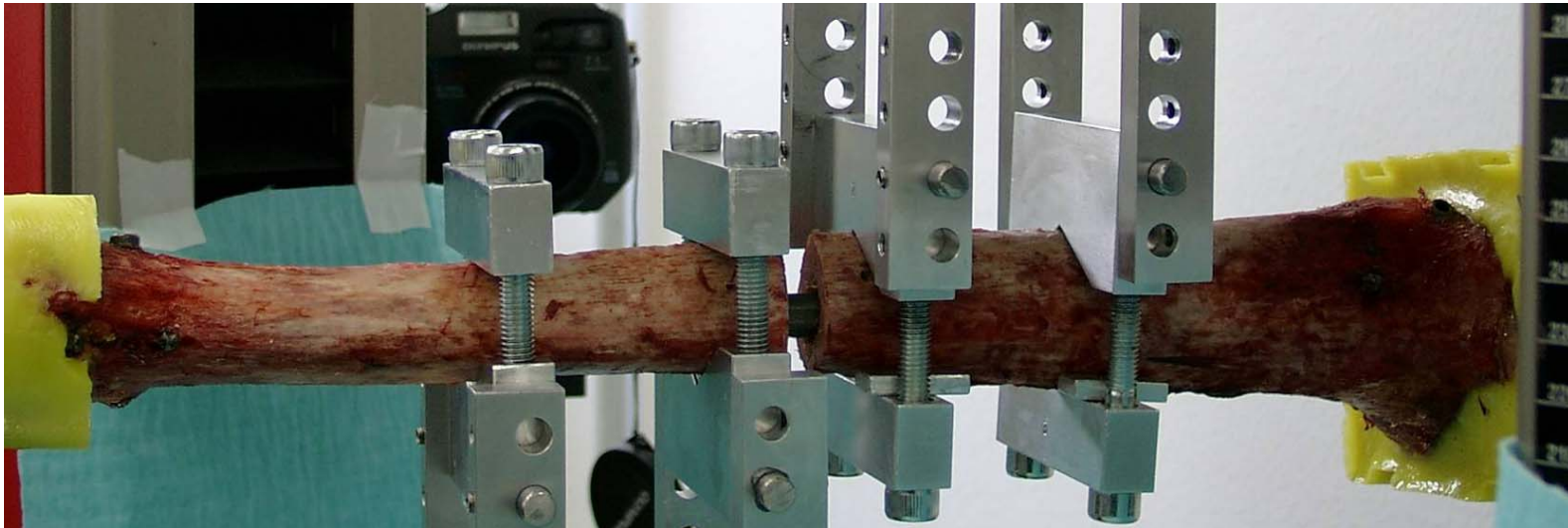
# simulation of fracture healing process



# flexibility behaviour of BIC

(FE contact model)

## reconstruction of an in vitro tested bone implant complex (BIC)



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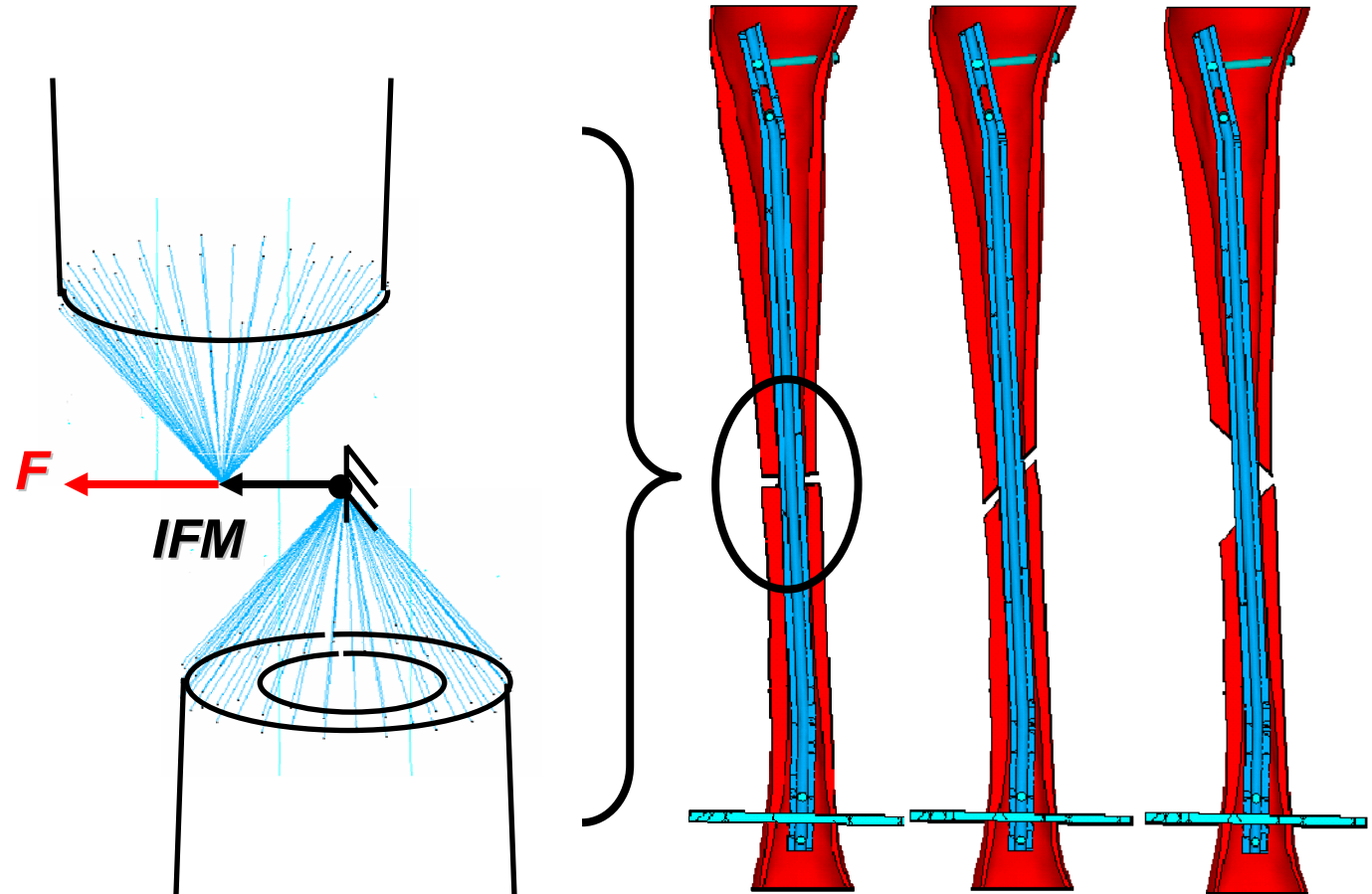


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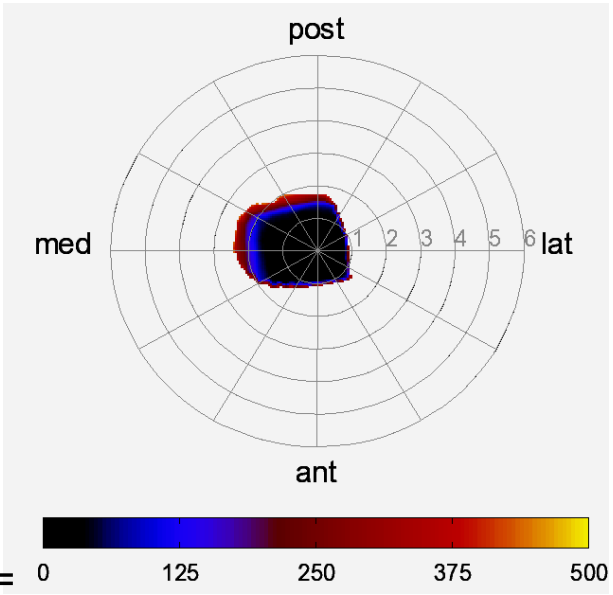
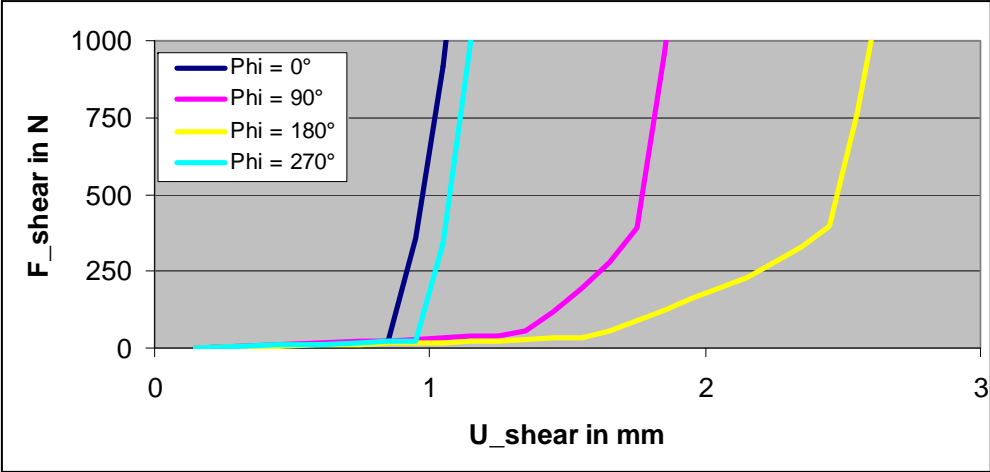
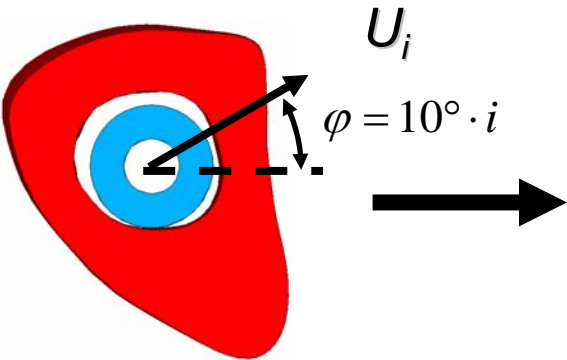
# determination of flexibility behaviour

due to idealized fractures

boundary conditions  
applied on rigid  
beam elements



# direction dependent contact

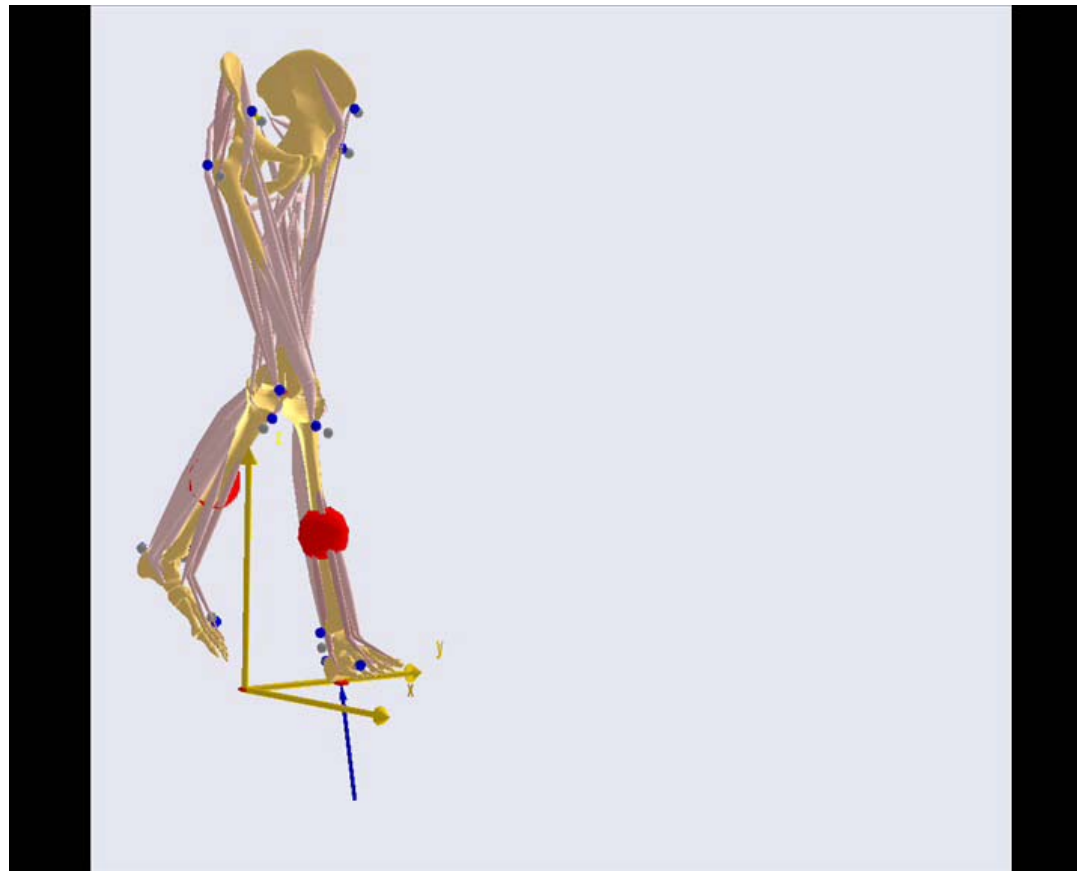


specific map of shear flexibility behaviour



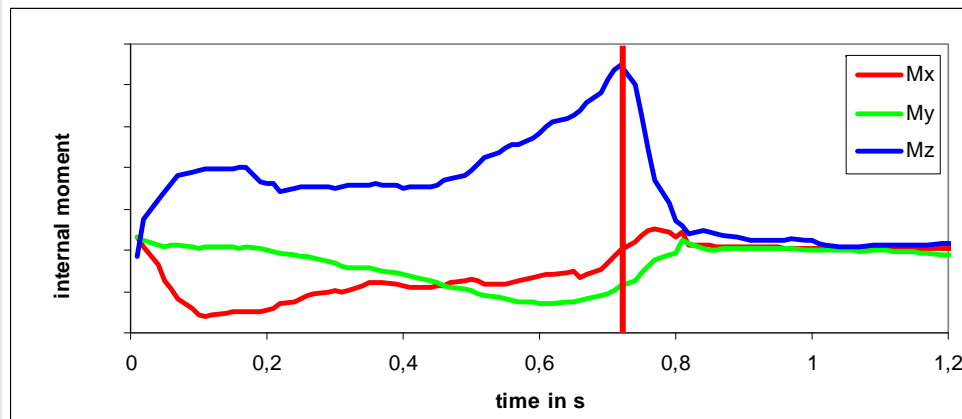
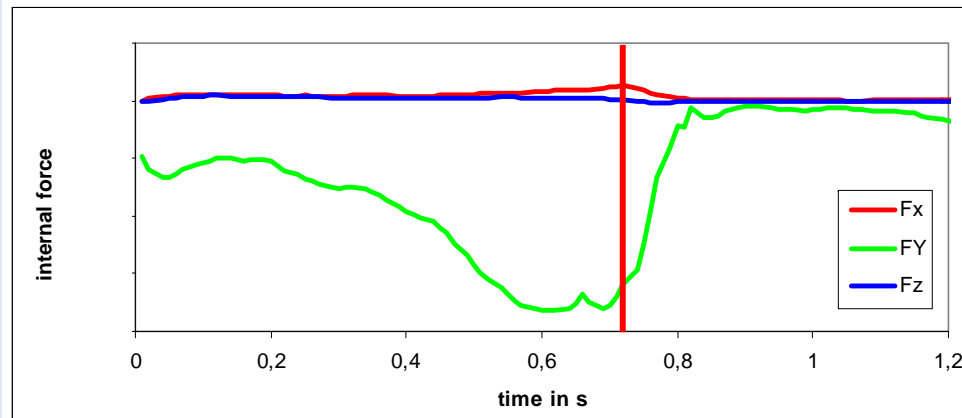
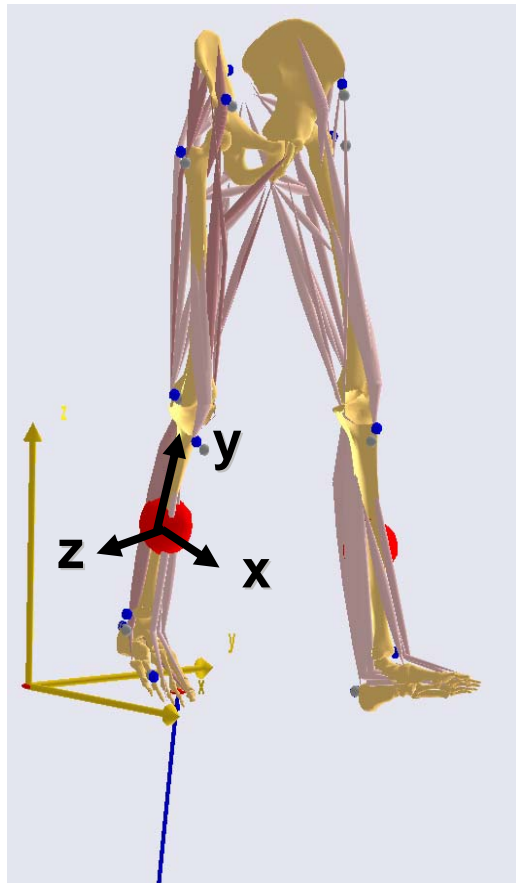
**internal loads**  
(muskuloskeletal model)

**modification of musculoskeletal model „gait 3D“ from AnyBody  
repository 6**



# Internal load case with AnyBody

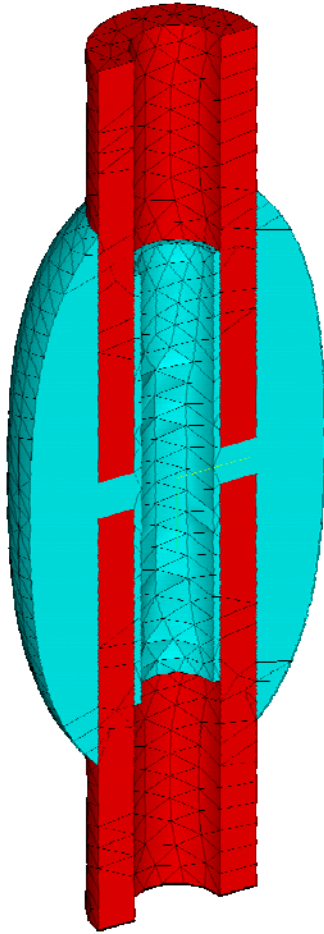
modification of musculoskeletal model „gait 3D“ from AnyBody repository 6



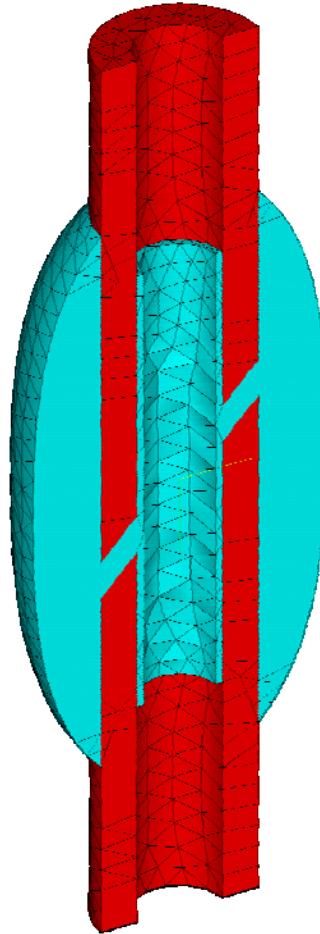


fract. geometry

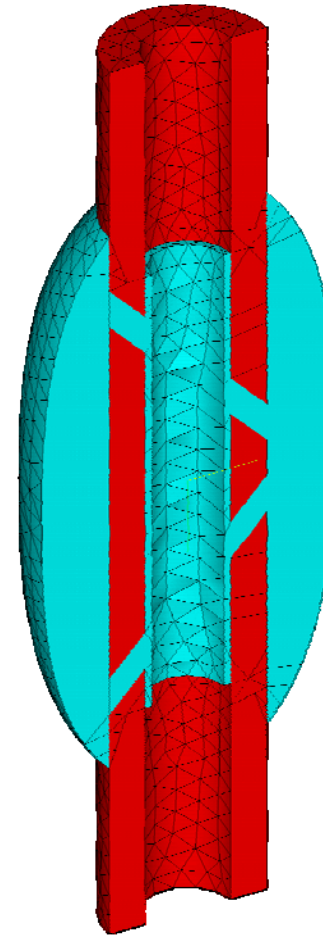
transverse fract.



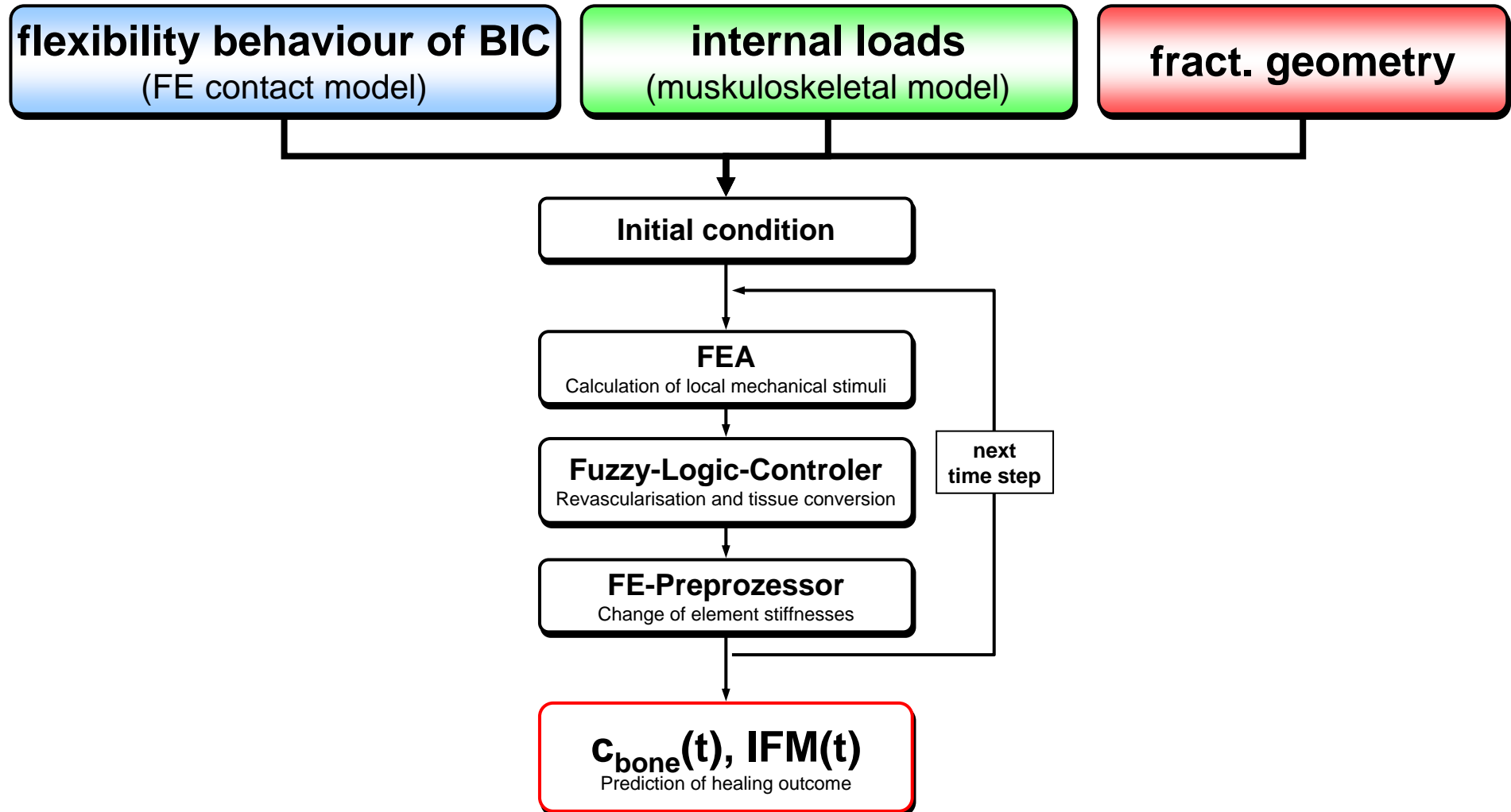
oblique fract.



bending wedge fract.

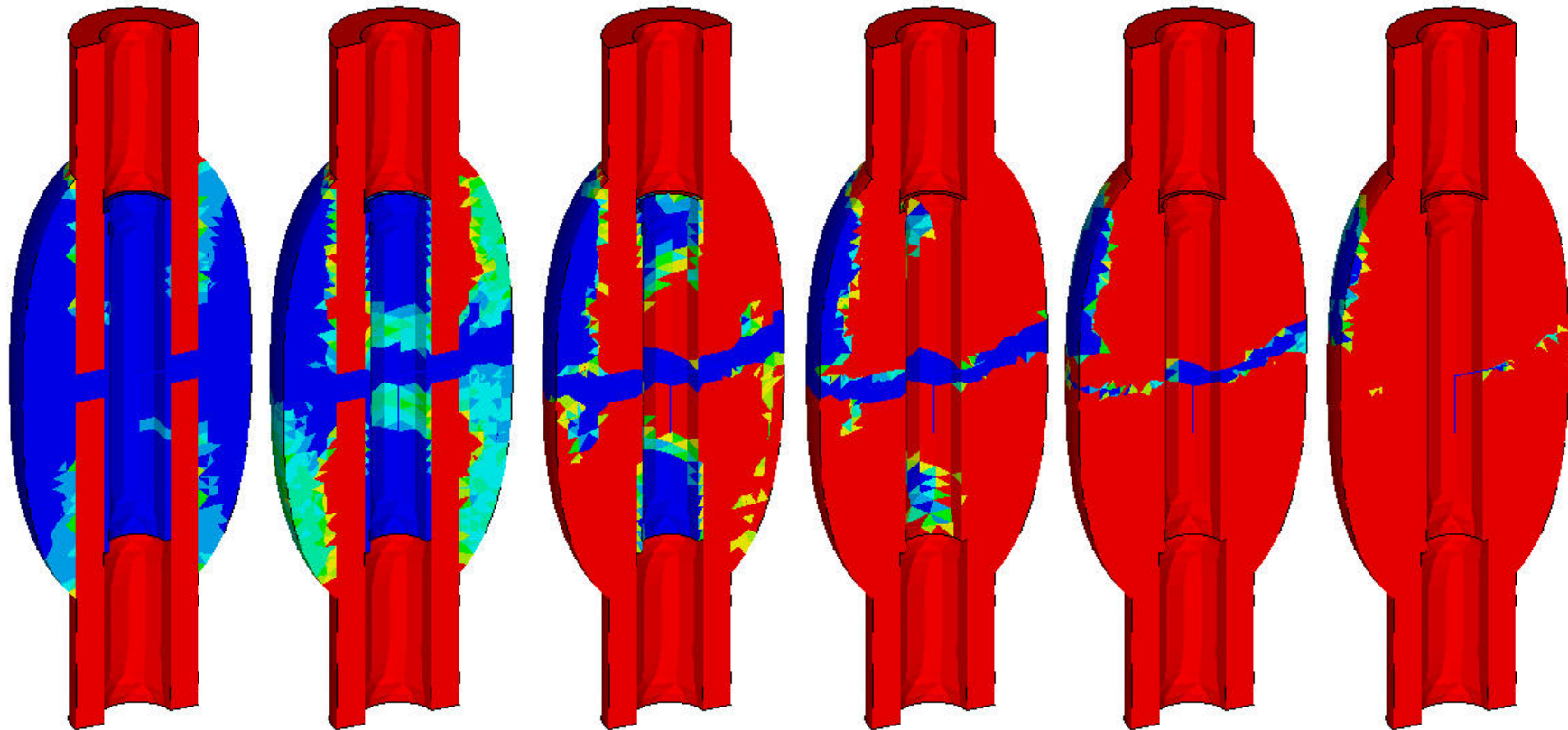


# simulation of fracture healing process



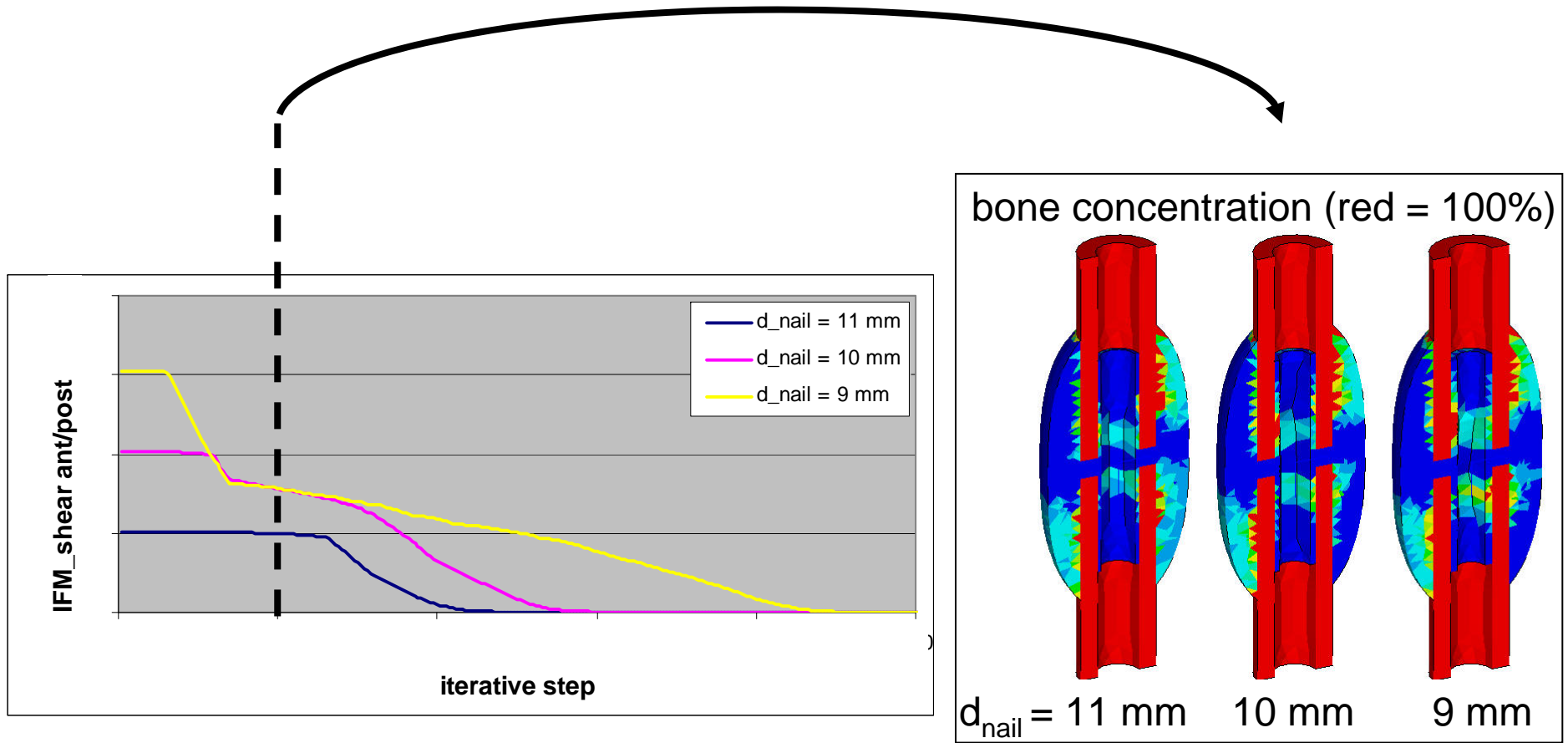
# results of healing simulation

time course of bone concentration in the callus region



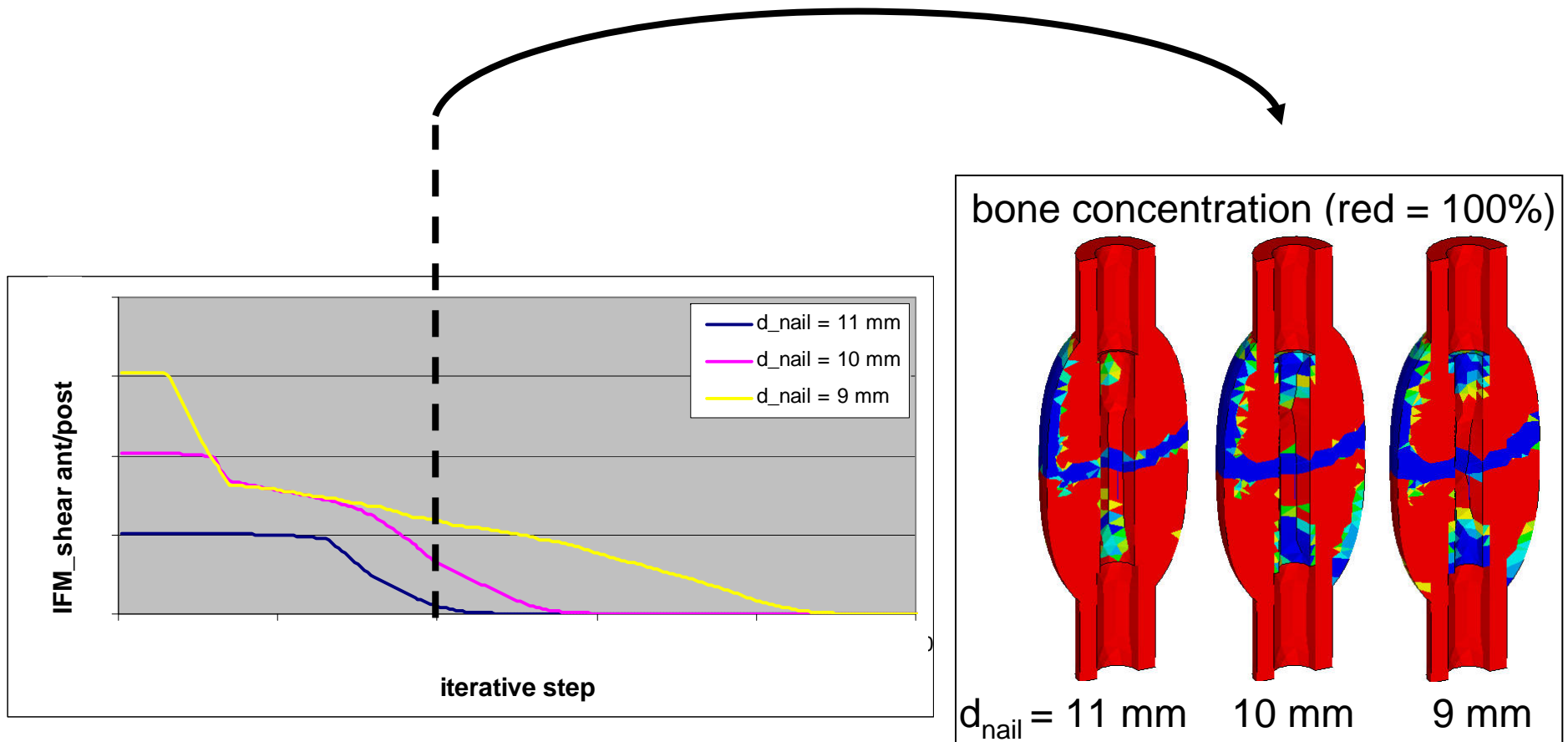
# Influence of nail diameter (interface distance)

time course of IFM, transverse fracture



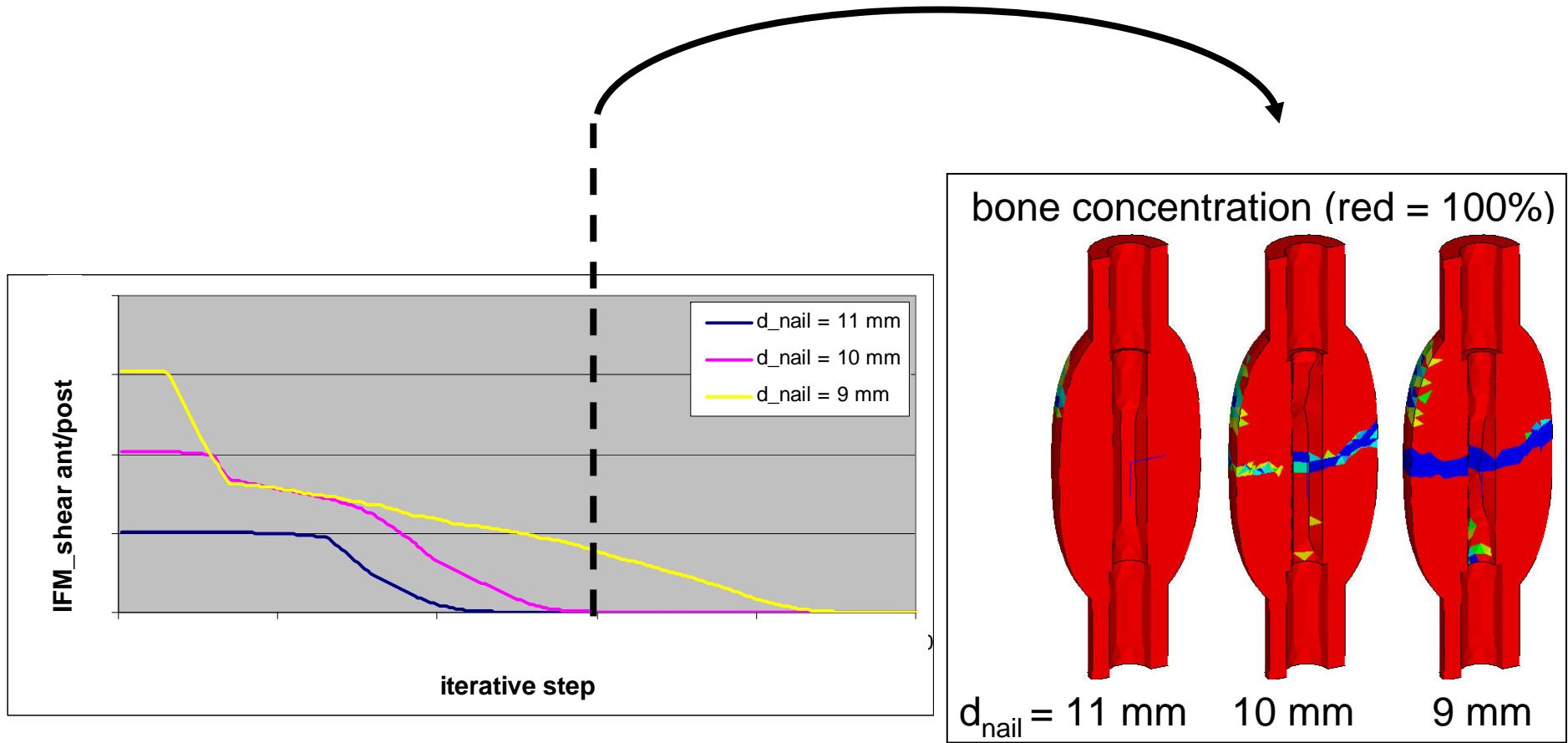
# Influence of nail diameter (interface distance)

time course of IFM, transverse fracture

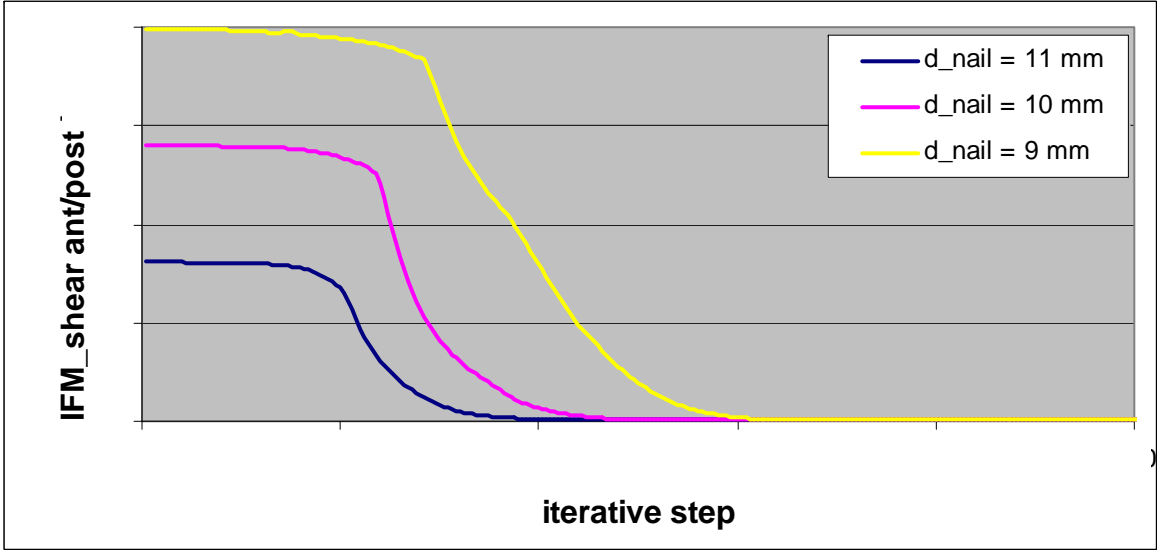
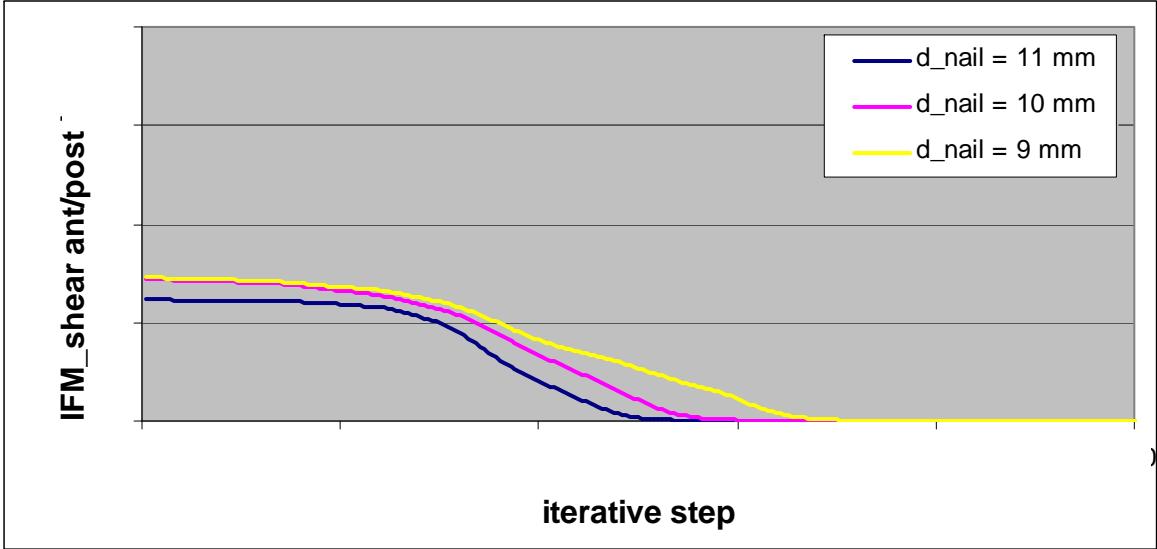
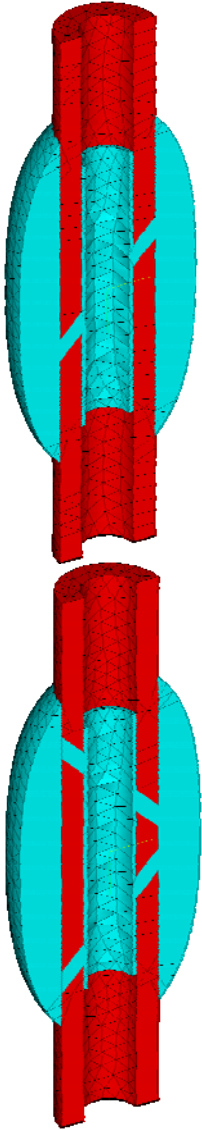


# Influence of nail diameter (interface distance)

time course of IFM, transverse fracture



# Influence of fracture type



# limitations

- **Influence of cancellous bone and soft tissue on the BIC flexibility behaviour was neglected**
- **Internal loads for stimulus were taken out of normal gait of a healthy human**
- **Only idealized fracture geometries were investigated**
- **Beside vascularity, no biological factors were simulated**





# discussion

- **Influence of the mechanical behaviour of the BIC with regard to healing time can be analyzed**
  - **Thin intramedullary unreamed nails (large interface distance)**
- and**
- **transverse osteotomies are critical for fracture healing process any might prolong the healing time**
  - **method will be used for optimizing current osteosynthesis implants in terms of minimizing the healing time**



## Acknowledgements:

- biomechanical research lab, BGU Murnau
- G. v. Oldenburg, Stryker Osteosynthesis



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